

'COULD STAY FREE FOREVER'

WANTED

Continued from Page One

began sending out the villainous cameos, one per day, a sharp-eyed reader of the St. Paul Dispatch recognized one of the fugitives, William Nesbit, wanted for unlawful flight to avoid confinement for murder.

Unexpected Fruit

The reader tipped police, who seized the astonished Nesbit, a former Sioux City, Ia., bartender.

Nesbit had escaped from a South Dakota prison after being sentenced to life for his part in a dynamite blast set off near Sioux Falls to destroy the bodies of Floyd Parker and Helen Sieler, Parker's girl friend. The two had been shot so they could not talk about a bogus jewel robbery in Sioux City.

Mrs. Sieler, although shot eight times, managed to crawl to safety and identified members of the gang involved in the robbery and the blast.

Hoover's bulldog countenance must have quivered with delight. What had started as a gimmick — perhaps to offset bad press over zealous FBI efforts to track the "540,000 Communists and fellow travelers" — Hoover insisted then honeycombed America — had borne unexpected fruit.

A replacement for Nesbit was added immediately, and the Ten Most Wanted list was made a permanent fixture of FBI policy and mystique.

During its history, 308 suspects on the list have been located. Thirteen others have been dropped from the roster when warrants against them were dismissed.

Not that everyone who makes the list is captured quickly. It took four years and three months to capture one, Byron James Rice, who went on the list July 5, 1968, on charges of interstate flight to avoid prosecution for murder and conspiracy, and surrendered in Chicago on Oct. 2, 1972.

Dean of the List

Several on the current list have been at large longer, including three baby-faced suspects wanted in the 1970 bombing of the University of Wisconsin's Army Math Center — Dwight Alan Armstrong, Leo Frederick Burt and David Sylvan Fine; and the dean of the list, Charles Lee Herron.

Herron is a dapper, 38-year-old Black Muslim sought for the shooting of two policemen in Cincinnati, Ohio. His wanted photo, the cool eyes peering from beneath a jaunty fedora, has mocked agents and police since Feb. 9, 1968.

Historically, the public has played a sizable role in the capture of Ten Mosters. Indeed, a primary reason the list was created was to enlist the extra eyes of millions of civilians.

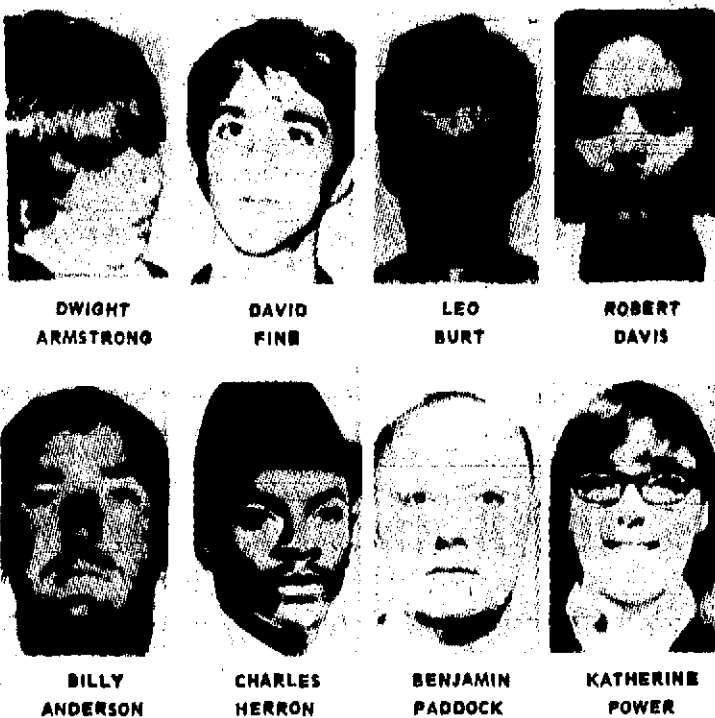
Alert citizens have supplied key information in 101 arrests of Most Wanted. But the last one was in 1971.

"We don't know what has happened," said Thomas B. Coll, chief of the FBI Fugitive Publicity Unit in Washington, D.C. "But these things run in spurts."

Three Criteria

The bureau is trying to stimulate a new spurt, Coll said, by tightening the haphazard, informal way television used to handle "Be on the lookout for..." messages.

Three criteria determine which of many thousands of federal fugitives will next make the Most Wanted list: viciousness of the crime, length of the suspect's criminal record, and



his or her imminent threat to society.

Coll and Assistant Director William Cleveland, boss of fugitive investigations, sift and pare a group of perhaps 15 candidates down to one. But Director Clarence Kelley makes the final decision.

The Ten Most Wanted list now includes only nine names.

Richard Bernard Lindhorst, jr., 33, was added to the list Sunday by the FBI. Lindhorst, of Huntsville, Ala., is charged with the armed robbery of \$10,000 at a Wever, Ia., bank Dec. 20, 1974. He also is charged with kidnaping, murder and interstate transportation of a stolen car.

FBI agents said that from time to time the list is updated until the number reaches 10.

The eight others on the list posted in the Des Moines office include:

Dwight Alan Armstrong, 23, David Sylvan Fine, 23, and Leo Frederick Burt, 27, charged with sabotage, destruction of government property and conspiracy; Robert Gerald Davis, 27, wanted for murder, armed robbery and atrocious assault; Billy Dean Anderson, 41, wanted for assault to murder and attempted burglary.

Also Charles Lee Herron, 38, wanted for unlawful flight to avoid prosecution for murder and assault with intent to commit murder; Benjamin Hoskins Paddock, 48, escaped federal prisoner, and Katherine Ann Power, 26, wanted for bank robbery.

Information provided on Most Wanted is very comprehensive. Stanley William Fitzgerald, for instance, was arrested in Portland, Ore., in 1960 after his habit of singing Irish lullabies in barrooms was publicized. The tipster heard him crooning sweetly in a tavern.

Fugitive—Donald Bussmeyer was run aground because of his chest tattoo: "Don Bussmeyer Loves Joyce." Philip Alfred La Normandin's trumpet playing proclivities helped send him to the slammer.

Thinking Crook

Ed Edwards believes, though, that the thinking crook could "go a lifetime without being apprehended" if he played it the right way.

Edwards, 42, cleared of murder charges and paroled from his bank robbery sentence in 1967, today is a successful contractor in Akron. Married and the father of four, he has written a fascinating book, "The Metamorphosis of a Criminal."

In an interview, he related his adventurous year on the Most Wanted list, a year he is not proud of but at the time considered "a game."

"The FBI concentrates its efforts on me because I did things that aggravated them. I managed food marts in Houston, was assistant manager at a dime store, even went to Minneapolis and practiced psy-

chiatry under the name Jerry Love — all while on the list."

Didn't Hide Trail

Edwards said he knew he'd be caught, but he took chances "because I found out later I was in crime only for the recognition. I wouldn't let the FBI know where I was going, but I wanted them to know I'd been there."

He used aliases, but no disguises, "and made no attempt to hide my trail." He found cab drivers to be the most observant people and many times was confronted by citizens who knew they knew him but couldn't make the final association with the Top Ten.

On the other hand, while running a Houston, Tex., supermarket, he had a number of police friends, none of whom recognized him.

Cautious Anyway

"I played cards with them. Once when two guys held up my store, they brought me to the police station to identify the guys. When I walked in, the two suspects were on a bench, and right between them was a big picture of me hanging on the wall. Nobody noticed."

Said Edwards: "I've found that, really, an individual, no matter how badly he's wanted, if he goes out into society and gets a job, is not involved in crime and doesn't drive, he could stay free for a lifetime. I think that is what's happened with Patty Hearst."

Still, Edwards took precautions. He changed cities often and would completely reverse his habits "to throw off what they had on my previous modus operandi."

But in the end, he said, he was "beat into the ground" and almost welcomed his capture in Atlanta, Ga., in January, 1962.

"The only reason I didn't give myself up was I was afraid of being taunted by my fellow convicts as the Top Tenner who turned himself in."

Jesus trend not a fad: Graham

BRUSSELS, BELGIUM (AP) — Evangelist Billy Graham said Saturday that he was convinced the Jesus trend was not just a fad and that there is a whole new mood among young people all over the world.

"I think it's very genuine," Graham said in an interview after winding up a 10-day campaign here that attracted more than 100,000 persons. "This generation is concerned with the world in which we live and they cannot find an answer for its problem in materialism and science."

During talks with young people from European, Arab, Asian and other nations, Graham said the question he heard most often was: "What is the reason I am alive in this world today with all its problems?"

"One of the answers I gave," Graham said, "was that Jesus has put me here for a purpose. I must learn to love him and love by him."

Order issued on Rosenberg data

WASHINGTON, D.C. (AP) — A federal judge has issued an order barring the destruction of documents sought in a suit by the two sons of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, who were executed as spies in 1953.

U.S. District Judge June L. Green said in issuing the order that it was not enough just to ask the executive branch to refrain from destroying sensitive documents.

"This court doesn't ask because asking isn't sufficient," the judge said. "We will make it an order and if documents are destroyed, the people who do it will be responsible."

Seeking release of the government documents are Robert and Michael Meeropol, who contend there was insufficient evidence to convict their parents on charges of passing atomic secrets to the Soviet Union.

Kissinger trash prompts Secret Service probe

LANTANA, FLA. (AP) — Secret Service documents found in Secretary of State Henry Kissinger's garbage by the National Enquirer have prompted an official investigation, the newspaper said Sunday.

Secret Service spokesman Jack Warner told the Florida-based weekly newspaper that Director H. Stuart Knight "has ordered an official Secret Service investigation to find out why important documents were thrown out in Kissinger's

garbage," the paper said.

A reporter for the newspaper retrieved several bags of trash from behind the secretary of state's house in Washington several weeks ago.

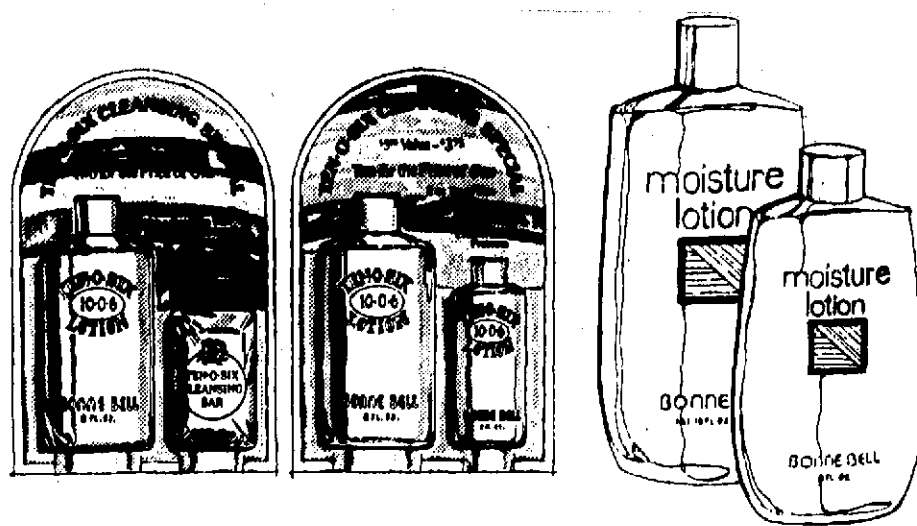
In it, the paper said, were detailed work schedules for the agents assigned to Kissinger, a note about weapons and ammunition used by the agents, a shopping list for three cases of whisky and other items.

The newspaper also quotes Warner, who is assistant to Di-

rector Knight, as saying that "it is not the policy of the Secret Service to discard papers of that nature in the public trash. Our personnel are not supposed to leave papers concerning our protective activity in a public place."

Warner agreed with the Enquirer that throwing such documents away represented a breach of security procedures, the newspaper said.

It also quotes Senator Lee Metcalf (Dem., Mont.) as saying that "the real responsibility lies with Kissinger. The next time, it won't be an Enquirer reporter going through his trash — it'll be the KGB."



Bonne Bell cleansing and moisturizing specials

8 oz. Ten-O-Six with cleansing bar
8 oz. Ten-O-Six with 2 oz. travel size
each 3.75

The basic need to cleanse and condition your skin never changes. The gentle antiseptic cleansing action of Ten-O-Six preparations helps remove hidden dirt — destroys certain bacteria and keeps your skin fresh and radiant. Use Ten-O-Six first thing in the morning, last thing at night to help you have a clear complexion now and keep it that way in the future.

moisture lotion

16 oz. \$6

8 oz. 3.50

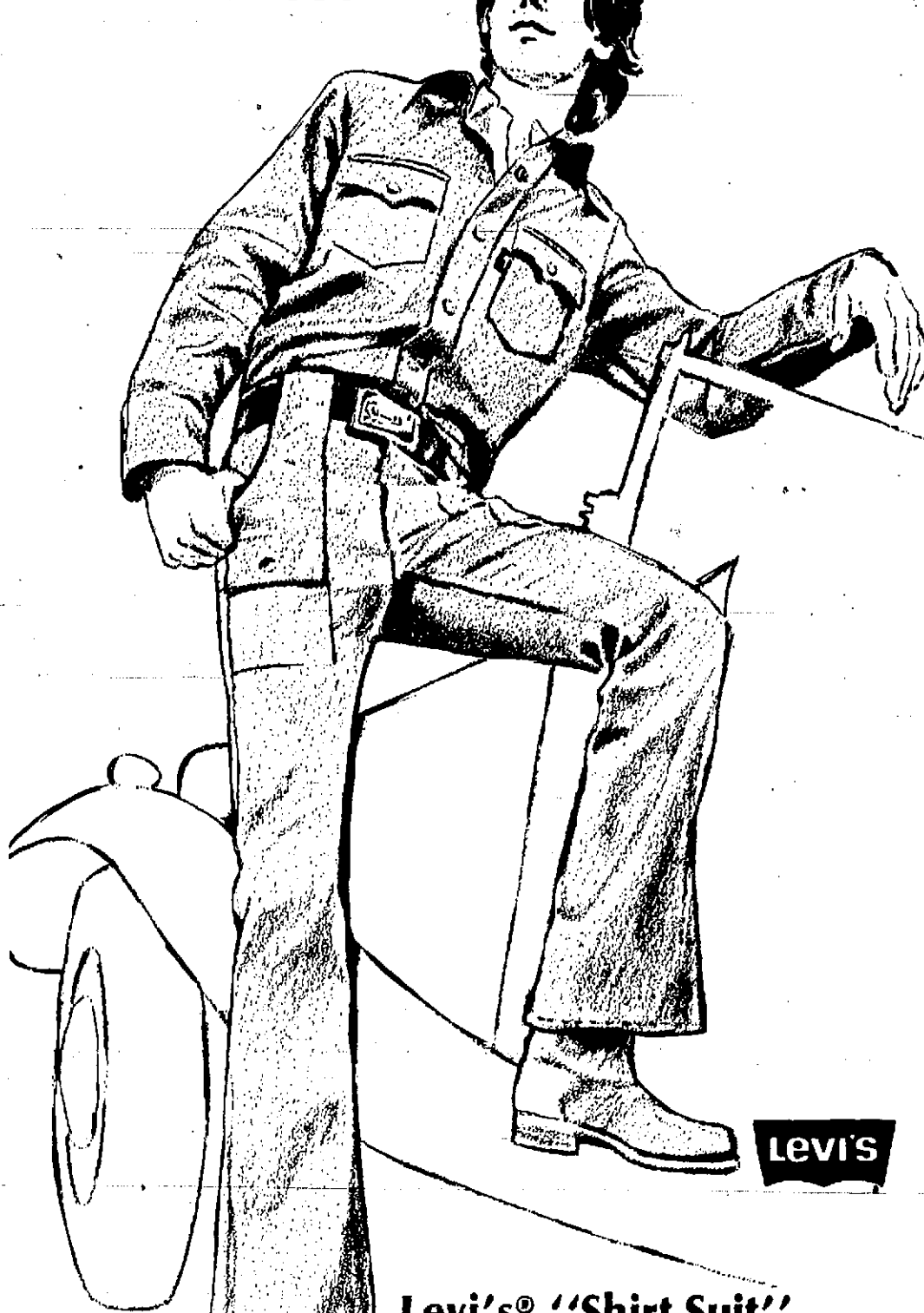
Now when your skin is taut and thirsty, Bonne Bell offers a moisturizing facial lotion at a price so low you can use it as a body lotion. Moisture Lotion keeps your complexion soft and glowing — replaces vital moisture that summer sun, wind and water take from your skin.

Cosmetics; first floor, Downtown, Merle Hay Mall and most stores. Phone 244-1112, ext. 226. On mail orders add 3% tax in Iowa, 80c postage and handling. Please give account number.

BONNE BELL



back-to-school starts here!



Levi's® "Shirt Suit" . . . ready for any occasion

Head for Fall activity wearing Levi's® new bush jean flares and tab shirt. Jeans have comfortable styling and useful lederhosen pockets. Matched with Levi's tab chambray shirt. Both of 100% cotton. Levi's® jeans in earthy brushed blue denim. Also in tan corduroy. 28 to 36 waist. 16.50 Levi's® tab shirt in blue. S, M, L, XL. \$12

Youngmen's Shop; fourth floor, Downtown, Merle Hay Mall and most stores. Phone 244-1112, ext. 589. On mail orders add 3% tax in Iowa, 80c postage and handling for each. Please give account number.

Shop Downtown 10 to 5:30,
Merle Hay Mall 10 to 9



start now to sew-up a flurry of fashions for the exciting new season

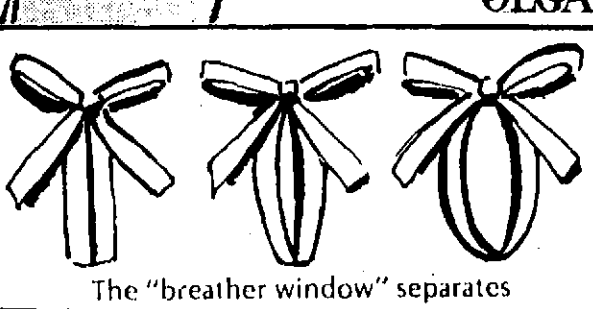
Be ready for the first hint of autumn with a wardrobe in super fabrics and pretty Fall tones.

SURLINE PLUS, a performance tested two-way texturized woven of octolobal Dacron® polyester with flexibility and comfort. Ideal for all kinds of sportswear. Soil release. Tan, black, white, navy, dusty blue, dusty pink. 54" Wide. yd. 4.99

MATISSA brushed matte jersey prints of 90% acetate/10% nylon. Machine washable. Choose from Fall tones. 52" Wide. yd. 2.29

THOPHY travel talk jersey screen prints of 90% acetate/10% nylon. Machine washable. Colorful Fall selection. 52" Wide. yd. 1.79

Fashions by the Yard; fifth floor, Downtown, Merle Hay Mall and most stores. Phone 244-1112, ext. 374.



Olga smooths and shapes you with the no-seam Freedom Front® bra

Imagine the freedom in a no-seam bra that adjusts to every move you make. Olga's "Freedom Front®" design has a flexible little "breather window" that separates each side for perfect fit and comfort. Bras that adapt to every move you make, every hourly or monthly body change. Olga has the "Freedom Front®" for every figure type and fashion. Nude, white, black or pastels. 1. No-seam shellcup of smoothing polyester tricot. Style #351. A-B-C 32 to 36 (B-C 38, nude or white only). 6.50. 2. No-seam natural pad bra with polyester fiber fill pads. Style #361. A-B 32 to 36. 7.50

Corsetry; third floor, Downtown, Merle Hay Mall and most stores. Phone 244-1112, ext. 350. On mail orders add 3% tax in Iowa, 50c postage and handling for each. Please give account number.



Suggest Nobel Prize be given to Scouts

LILLEHAMMER, NORWAY (AP) — A Norwegian newspaper recommended Sunday that the international scouting movement be given the Nobel Peace Prize, following up a recommendation earlier this year by a member of the Norwegian parliament.

The comment by the newspaper Toensbergs Blad came as 17,000 youths linked arms in religious ceremonies at the fourteenth World Boy Scout jamboree — Nordjamb — and sang of peace and brotherhood of men.

Newspapers officially cannot recommend Nobel winners, but members of national assemblies can do so. Norwegian MP Ole Myrvoll has suggested that the international organizations of both the Boy and Girl Scouts share the prize.

Last year the peace prize was shared by United Nations official Sean McBride and former Japanese Prime Minister Eisaku Sato. In 1973 it was shared by Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger and North

Vietnamese negotiator Le Duc Tho.

Participating in Sunday's Roman Catholic and ecumenic services were 250 chaplains from 91 countries. The two main services were held in the Allting arena. Others were held in more secluded spots in 10 subcamps.

This year's jamboree, organized by Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway and Sweden, is attended by youths from all six continents.

Toensbergs Blad recommended the Nobel Peace Prize to the scouting movement on the basis that "from the beginning scouting had stood above politics and had a clear and neutral direction aimed at an international co-operation between people."

The newspaper said that the motto of the jamboree here — "Five fingers. One hand" — symbolizes a program of hope for coming generations.

The motto stands for the unity and strength of a hand composed of five fingers which can work together.